

# MATH 527: GEOMETRY/TOPOLOGY I.

FALL 2006

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HOMEWORK #1; September 11, 2006

## Topological Spaces

Due on Monday September 18

1. Write complete proof of Proposition 1.1.13: For any set  $X$  and any collection  $\mathcal{C}$  of subsets of  $X$  there exists a unique weakest topology for which all sets from  $\mathcal{C}$  are open.

2.(Ex. 1.1.1.) How many different (non-homeomorphic) topologies are there on the 2-element set and on the 3-element set?

3.(Ex. 1.3.2.) Prove that the sphere  $\mathbb{S}^2$  with two points removed is homeomorphic to the infinite cylinder  $C := \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 | x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$ .

4.(Example 1.3.3.+ Ex. 1.3.4 & 1.3.5.) Prove that the following three constructions of the  $n$ -torus  $\mathbb{T}^n$  produce homeomorphic topological spaces:

- Product of  $n$  copies of the circle
- The following subset of  $\mathbb{R}^{2n}$ :

$$\{(x_1, \dots, x_{2n}) : x_{2i-1}^2 + x_{2i}^2 = 1, i = 1, \dots, n.\}$$

with the induced topology.

- The identification space of the unit  $n$ -cube  $I^n$ :

$$\{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n : 0 \leq x_i \leq 1, i = 1, \dots, n\}.$$

where any two points are identified if all of their coordinates but one are equal and the remaining one is 0 for one point and 1 for another.

5.(Ex. 1.10.4 & 1.10.5.) Consider the *profinite* topology on  $\mathbb{Z}$  in which open sets are defined as unions (not necessarily finite) of non-constant arithmetic progressions

a) Prove that this defines a topology.

b) Let  $\mathbb{T}^\infty$  be the product of countably many copies of the circle with the product topology. Define the map  $\varphi : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{T}^\infty$  by

$$\varphi(n) = (\exp(2\pi in/2), \exp(2\pi in/3), \exp(2\pi in/4), \exp(2\pi in/5), \dots)$$

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Show that the map  $\varphi$  is injective and that the pullback topology on  $\varphi(\mathbb{Z})$  coincides with its profinite topology.